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Paper Id: 150123

Roll No: Sub Code: BOP113

B PHARM (SEM-I) THEORY EXAMINATION 2019-20 ANATOMY, PHYSIOLOGY & PATHOPHYSIOLOGY- I

Time: 3 Hours Total Marks: 100

Note: Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.

SECTION A

1. Attempt *all* questions in brief.

 $2 \times 10 = 20$

- a. Why does the Lysosome know as suicidal cell?
- b. Why does mitochondria known as power house of energy?
- c. Write difference between phagocytosis and pinocytosis
- d. Write difference between Tendons and ligaments.
- e. Write the functions of Rough Endoplasmic Reticulum
- f. Define Osmosis transport.
- g. Define cell and tissue.
- h. Define facilitated transport
- i. Write the best method of family planning
- j. What is male birth control?

SECTION B

2. Attempt any *three* of the following:

 $10 \times 3 = 30$

- a. Write the structure and molecular mechanism of skeleton muscle contraction.
- b. Discuss various fractures and methods resuscitation.
- c. Explain various type Connective Tissue
- d. Discuss about family planning.

SECTION C

3. Attempt any *one* parts of the following:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- (a) Write about emergency treatment of shock
- (b) Discuss medical termination of pregnancy.

4. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- (a) Discuss anatomy and physiology of the eye (vision).
- (b) Explain causative agents, modes of transmission and prevention Chicken pox.

5. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- (a) Discuss anatomy and physiology of the ear (hearing).
- (b) Discuss causative agents, modes of transmission and preventiontuberculosis.

6. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- (a) Explainemergency treatment of shock.
- (b) Discuss causative agents, modes of transmission and prevention rabies.

7. Attempt any *one* part of the following:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- (a) Discuss causative agents, modes of transmission and preventiontetanus.
- (b) Discuss causative agents, modes of transmission and prevention filariasis.