

B PHARM
(SEM-VII) THEORY EXAMINATION 2018-19
PHARMACEUTICS-VIII (BIOPHARMACEUTICS & PHARMACOKINETICS)

Time: 3 Hours**Total Marks: 100****Note: 1.** Attempt all Sections.**SECTION A**

- 1. Attempt all questions in brief. 2 x 10 = 20**
- a. Define active transport
 - b. When insulin is given orally, its bioavailability is zero. Explain.
 - c. Discuss C_{max} and T_{max}.
 - d. How you can find AUC in two compartment IV bolus model?
 - e. Write down the role of pharmacokinetics in formulation development.
 - f. Name any two pharmacokinetic models.
 - g. Differentiate between volume of distribution and apparent volume of distribution.
 - h. Why acidic drug absorbed from the stomach?
 - i. The absorption of tetracycline is markedly reduced when antacids are administered simultaneously. Explain
 - j. Define bioavailability.

SECTION B

- 2. Attempt any three of the following: 10 x 3 = 30**
- a. Discuss various factors affecting absorption of drug.
 - b. Write a note on sigma minus method for calculating Elimination rate constant.
 - c. Discuss Non compartment model analysis.
 - d. Discuss Guisti Hayton method.
 - e. Define bio-equivalence. List the various methods involved in the determination of bio-equivalence.

SECTION C

- 3. Attempt any one part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10**
- (a) Enumerate and describe various numerical and graphical methods use for determination of pharmacokinetics parameters.
 - (b) Explain the significance of protein/tissue binding of drugs.
- 4. Attempt any one part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10**
- (a) Write a note on determination of absorption rate constant by Wagner Nelson method.
 - (b) What is the significance of plasma drug concentration in calculation of various pharmacokinetic parameters?
- 5. Attempt any one part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10**
- (a) Explain briefly two compartmental open model IV bolus.
 - (b) Describe the method of residuals in the determination of absorption rate constant in two compartment open model IV administration.
- 6. Attempt any one part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10**
- (a) Discuss various methods of dosage adjustment in renal failure patients.
 - (b) Discuss the concept involved in clearance.
- 7. Attempt any one part of the following: 10 x 1 = 10**
- (a) Define clinical trials. Discuss in detail various principles of clinical trials.
 - (b) Explain in-vivo, in- vitro correlation (IVIVC).